Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & DERN, Publishers and Proprietors

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1,50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
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Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

TRIBUNE DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES, MINISTERS, &C.

Presbyterian; Rev. A. B. CLARK, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M., in the Lecture Room. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening in the same room.

Methodist Episcopal, Rev. S. A. WILSON, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the evening. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 2 o'clock, P. M. General Prayer Meeting in same room every Wednesday evening. Young Men's Prayer Meeting every Friday evening.

Evangelical Lutheran, Rev. JACOB STECK, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and at 7½ o'clock in the evening. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 2½ o'clock, P. M. Prayer Meeting in same room every Wednesday evening.

United Brethren, Rev. D. SPECK, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 9 o'clock, A. M. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening in same room.

Protestant Episcopal, Rev. R. W. OLIVER, Pastor.—Divine Service 2d and 4th Sundays of each month at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 4½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 o'clock A. M.

Catholic, Rev. JOHN TWIGGS, Pastor.—Preaching at 10½ o'clock in the morning, and at 3½ in the afternoon.

Baptist, (no Pastor.)—Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

African Methodist, Rev. SNYDER CAR, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock and in the evening, in the old Union School House.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way and Hollidaysburg at	11 00 A.M.
Western "	8 00 A.M.
Hollidaysburg	6 10 P.M.
Eastern Through Mail	8 00 "
Western Through, (Saturdays,)	3 00 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Eastern Through Mail,	8 35 A.M.
Western Way and Hollidaysburg,	11 30 P.M.
Eastern " "	6 45 "

Office open for the transaction of business from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M., during the week, and from 8 to 9 o'clock, A. M. on Sunday.

June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express Train	East	arrives	2,48 A. M.,	leaves	2,55 A. M.
" "	West	"	8,35 "	"	8,55 "
Fast "	East	"	5,25 P. M.	"	6,45 P. M.
" "	West	"	10,00 "	"	10,05 "
Mail "	East	"	11,30 A.M.,	"	11,50 A. M.
" "	West	"	6,45 P. M.,	"	7,10 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, Mail Train East and West and with Fast Line East.

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Mail Train East.

Dec. 21, '56-tf] THOS. A. SCOTT, Sup't.

MEETINGS OF ASSOCIATIONS.

Mountain Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 261, meets on second Tuesday of each month, in the third story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Mountain Encampment, A. Y. M., No 10, meets on the fourth Tuesday of each month, in the third story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Altoona Lodge, I. O. of O. F., No. 473, meets every Friday evening, in the second story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Veranda Lodge, I. O. of O. F., No. 532, meets every Friday evening, in the third story of Patton's Building, on Virginia street, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Winnebago Tribe, No. 33, I. O. R. M. hold stated Councils every Tuesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. Council Fire kindled at 7½ sun 30th breath. W. A. ADAMS, *C. of R.* [June 25, '57-1y

Junior Sons of America, Camp No. 31, meets every Monday night in the third story of Patton's Hall, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judges of the Courts.—President, Hon. George Taylor.—Associates, J. Penn Jones, David Caldwell.
Prothonotary—Joseph Baldridge.
Register and Recorder—Hugh A. Caldwell.
Sheriff—George Fort. Deputy—John McClure.
District Attorney—Benj. L. Hewit.
County Commissioners—James Hutchison, David M. Confer, J. P. McFarlane.
County Surveyor—James L. Gwinn.
Treasurer—S. Hoover.
Auditors—J. W. Tippery, S. Morrow, A. C. McCartney.
Poor House Directors—C. Guyer, George Weaver, Samuel Shiver.
Coroner—James Funk.
Superintendent of Common Schools—John Dean.

ALTOONA BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justices of the Peace—Jacob Good, J. M. Cherry.
Burgess—E. M. Jones.
Town Council—James Lowther, R. H. McCormick, John Allison, Peter Reed, Nelson Glanding.
President of Council—R. H. McCormick.
Clerk to Council—John McClelland.
Borough Treasurer—James Lowther.
School Directors—George. W. Patton, C. B. Sink, C. C. Mason, Geo. W. Sparks, Joseph Molst, Wm. C. McCormick.
Treasurer of School Board—Wm. C. McCormick.
High Constable—Joseph K. Ely.
Tax Collector—John McClelland.
Auditors—G. D. Thomas, Thos. McMinn.
Assessor—John McClelland.
Assistant Assessors—Daniel Price, David Dehl.
Judge of Elections—East Ward—John B. Wartel.
" " West " Jacob Good.
" " North " Alexander Biting.
Inspectors—East Ward—E. A. Beck, Alex. Montgomery.
" West " J. H. Roberts, M. Claubaugh.
" North " Wm. Valentine, Wm. Reed.

HENRY LEHR'S STORE IS IN John Lehr's old stand, nearly opposite McCormick's store, in North Ward. June 18, '57-1y.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT [1-tf. KESSLER'S.

FIGS, DATES, PRUNES, CITRONS and Currants in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, CREAM Nuts and Filberts in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, [58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome. Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry or ground in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

LOVERING AND NEW ORLEANS Syrup Molasses, at fair prices, at June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces for sale at [1-tf] KESSLER'S.

Select Poetry.

WHAT I LOVE.

BY ANNE F. ADAMS.

I dearly love the pleasant spring,
When softened breezes blow,
And crocuses and violets
Peep from beneath the snow;
When Rob the Redbreast comes again
From far off southern groves,
And happy thrushes build their nests,
And tell their little loves.

I love the glorious summer time,
Its sunshine and its showers,
Its waving fields of golden grain,
And sweetly perfumed flowers;
When humming-birds their dainty bills
In coral blossoms dip,
And from the round, red clover heads
Their honeyed nectar sip.

I love the golden autumn time,
When Jack Frost cracks the burrs
Of great brown chestnuts, and the brook
Ties on its icy spurs;
When wagon loads of fruit and grain
From field and orchard come,
And farmers with their merry shouts,
Welcome the harvest home.

And oh, I love the winter time,
When every tree is bare,
And feathery snow-flakes, soft and white,
Fall silent through the air;
When New Year's day and Christmas eve
For merry-making call—
Oh, yes, I love the winter time
The very best of all.

But stop—for I remember now,
A boy with shoeless feet
And ragged clothes the other day
I met him in the street.
He sought for work, but sought in vain;
He shivered with the cold.
His half-clad limbs and thin, pale face
A mournful story told.

I have a home, but he has none,
And I have food and fire,
And nice warm clothes, and loving friends,
And all that I desire.
Well may *I* love the winter time
It brings me only joy;
But oh, how dreadful it must be;
To that poor, hungry boy.

Select Miscellany.

SQUIRE MARKHAM;

OR,

HOW TWO HOUSEHOLDS BECAME ONE.

Mrs. Benoni Benson was fat, fair and forty-four, when her husband, a soap boiler in very good circumstances, was called from his life task of contributing to the general purification of mankind. Mrs. Benson took refuge from her grief in a pretty cottage, situated on the principal street in G——.

At first she was inconsolable; and she used to say with a solemn emphasis, which carried conviction to the hearts of her hearers, that nothing but the thoughts of her daughter Florence would have prevented her from terminating her existence by the intervention of poison.

Mrs. Benson was in no small degree indebted to her daughter—since in less than three months she threw aside her mourning, and became as lively as she always had been.

Touching Florence, she had now reached the mature age of nineteen, and began to think herself marriageable. She was quite pretty, and tolerably well accomplished; so that her wishes in that respect were very likely to be fulfilled.

Just over the way lived Squire Markham, the village lawyer, just verging upon fifty, with his son Charles, who was about half his age. Being a young man of agreeable exterior, the latter was quite a favorite among the ladies in the neighborhood, and considered in common parlance quite a "catch."

As yet, however, his affections had never been seriously entangled, and might have remained so, had it not been for the sudden apparition, one morning, of Florence Benson on horseback.

It struck him at once that she was remarkably graceful, and really quite pretty. Thereupon he cultivated her acquaintance with increased assiduity, and after a while asked the fatal question.

Florence answered in the affirmative, and instead of referring him dutifully to her mother, hinted (being a romantic young lady,) how charming it would be to steal away to the next town and get married, without any body being any the wiser.

Charles Markham caught at the hint which chimed with his own temperament and they adopted it.

In order that it might be carried out with perfect success, it was resolved to seem indifferent to each other until the day fixed, in order to ward off any suspicion which might otherwise be roused.

So well were these arrangements carried out, that even Mrs. Benson had no suspicion of what was going on.

Not so with Squire Markham. He had obtained a clue to the affair in some manner, so that he not only discovered the fact of the elopement, but even the very day on which it was to occur.

'Sly dog, that Charles,' thought he to himself, as he sat down before the fire in his dressing gown and smoking cap, leisurely puffing away a choice Havana. 'But I don't wonder at it; he only takes after me. Still I owe him something for keeping it a secret from me. It would be a good joke, if I were a little younger, to cut him out, and marry her in spite of him.

Squire Markham who was one of those jovial widowers who take life as it comes, mused more and more on this idea, stuck out by chance as it were, till he really began to think it was worth something.

'After all,' shouted he, 'I am not so old, either, or at least the ladies say so—and they ought to be good judges in such matters. I ought to have been a bachelor a good while, and ought to have found out before this how much more comfortable it would be to have a pretty wife to welcome me home, and do the honors of my table, and to help me keep that rascally Charles in order. Egad! I've half a mind to do it.'

Squire Markham took two more whiffs and exclaimed:

'I vow I'll do it.'

What this mysterious IT was, we will leave the reader to infer from his very next movement. Ringing the bell he inquired of the servant:

'Is Charles at home?'

'No, sir; he went out this morning, and will be gone all day.'

'Hurrah! that's all. So much the better for my purpose,' thought he, when alone.

'Now I shall have the ground left to myself. Let me see; the rascal intends running away next Thursday evening, and to-day is Monday. Nothing like striking while the iron is hot. I'll write to her in his name, telling her that I have altered my mind, and will just go at dark to-morrow night. She won't suspect anything till the knot is tied, and then what a laugh we shall have.

Squire Markham did not consider that it might make a little difference with the bride expectant. He considered it a capital joke on his son, but looked no further. He accordingly drew his writing materials towards him, and indited the following epistle:

"DEAREST FLORENCE:—I find the day fixed for our elopement on some accounts objectionable, and would like, with your consent, to substitute to-morrow evening. If I hear nothing in return from you, I shall infer that you assent to this arrangement. I shall have a carriage in readiness under the old oak tree at half-past eight o'clock. You can walk there without attracting suspicion, and as there will be no moon, we shall be able to carry out our plans without fear of discovery. I am happy to say that the Governor does not suspect in the least that a daughter-in-law is in store for him. Won't he be ashamed? Your devoted

CHARLEY."

'Egad!' said Squire Markham, laughing heartily, 'that isn't bad, especially about humbugging me. Charley could not done any better himself.'

So saying, he sealed it up and sent it over by a little Irish boy in his employment, having first marked 'private' in the corner.

'Be careful, Mike, to give it to Miss Benson, and let no one else see it;' was the parting injunction.

Mrs. Benson was sitting in her quiet parlor, casting her eyes over a late number of the 'Atlantic Monthly.' Florence being absent on a shopping excursion, she was left alone. The ringing of the bell brought her to the door. With surprise she saw Mike, Squire Markham's boy of all work.

'Please ma'am,' said he, holding out the missive, 'a letter for Miss Benson an' it's very particular that no one else should see it.'

The air of mystery conveyed in this characteristic address aroused Mrs. Benson's curiosity, especially when she observed that it was addressed to her daughter, and not to herself, as she supposed. She returned to the parlor—not to read the Magazine: that had lost its attractions.

'What in the world can it be?' she thought, 'that they could be so secret about? Can Florence be carrying on a clandestine correspondence? It may be something that I ought to know.'

Stimulated by her feminine curiosity, Mrs. Benson speedily concluded that she would be false to her responsibilities as a parent, if she did not unravel this mystery.

'Here's pretty doing!' she exclaimed, as soon as she could recover her breath.—'So Florence was going to run away and get married to that Charles Markham without as much as hinting a word to me?'

She leaned her head upon her hand and began to consider. She was naturally led to think of her own marriage with the late Mr. Benson, and the happiness of her married life, and she could not help heaving a sigh at the recollection.

'Am I always to remain thus solitary?' she thought. 'I've half a notion not to show it to Florence, but to run away with Charles to-morrow night on my account. It's odd if I can't persuade him that the mother aint as good as the daughter;' she glanced complacently at the still attractive face and form reflected from the mirror.

Just then she heard the door open and Florence entered. She quickly crumbled up the letter, and thrust it in her pocket. Florence and Charles did not meet during the succeeding day, chiefly in pursuance of the plan they agreed to, in order to avoid suspicion.

Squire Markham acted in an exceedingly strange manner to his son's thinking. Occasionally he would burst into a hearty laugh which he would endeavor to suppress, and pace up and down the room as if to walk off some of his superabundant hilarity.

'What's in the wind?' thought Charles to himself. 'It can't be the Governor's getting crazy.' Something was the matter beyond a doubt. But what it really was he had not the faintest conjecture.

At the hour specified, the Squire had his carriage drawn up at the appointed rendezvous. He began to peer anxiously in the dark for Florence. At length a female form, well muffled up, made its appearance. Thanking her in a very low whisper, lest it might be suspected that he was the wrong person, he helped her into the carriage, and drove off.

During part of the journey, nothing was said. Both parties were desirous of concealing their identity. At length Squire Markham, considering that after all he could not marry the lady without her consent, and that the discovery must be made before marriage, decided to reveal himself, and then urge his own suit as well as he could.

'My dear Miss Florence,' he continued in his natural voice.

'Why!' shrieked the lady, 'I thought it was Charles'

'And I,' said Squire Markham, recognizing Mrs. Benson's voice, 'thought it was Florence.'

'Was it you sir, who was arranging to elope with my daughter?'

'No, but I conclude it was you ma'am, who was meaning to elope with my son.'

'Indeed, Squire Markham, you are wrong; the affair came incidently to my knowledge, I concluded to take her place secretly, in order to frustrate her plans.'

'Egad, the very idea I had myself!' said the Squire laughing; 'but the fact is, ma'am. we have both been confoundedly sold, and the mischief of it is, I have left a letter for Charles, letting him know it; so undoubtedly he will take the opportunity to run away with Florence during our absence, and plume himself the rascal, on the way in which I was taken in.'

'I confess that I left a note for Florence to the same purpose. How she will laugh at me, What an embarrassment!'

'I'll tell you what,' said the Squire, after a moment's pause, 'we can carry out our plans after all. We each came out with the intention of getting married.—Why not marry each other, and then you know, we'll make them believe we had it in view all along and only intended to frighten them.'

Mrs. Benson assented with a little urging, and in the course of an hour the twain were made one. They immediately returned, but found as they anticipated; that Florence and Charles, discovering their departure, had themselves stepped off in a different direction, with a similar intent.

They made their appearance the next morning, prepared to laugh heartily at the frustrated plan of their parents, but learned to their astonishment that they had struck up a bargain for themselves. Squire Markham and his new wife had the address to convince them that it was all a premidiated plan, and to this day the younger pair are ignorant of the plot and counter-plot which led to this double union of the two households.

A PART OF A PIECE.—Speaking of Judge Daggett, reminds us of an occurrence that took place many years since at one of the dinners—or, more properly suppers—of Yale commencement. The substantials of the feast were already discussed, and the 'dessert' was being served up, when Professor Benjamin Silliman, then in the all possession of manly beauty—and we have seldom seen a handsomer man—asked Daggett if he should help him to 'a piece of mince pie.' 'A part of a piece, if you please,' said Daggett.—Silliman immediately commenced dividing, subdividing and redividing a bit of a pie, and continued the operation so long, that Daggett at length noticed it, and inquired what he was doing. 'I was trying,' said Silliman, 'to get part of a piece; but cut as I will, I can still find nothing but a *whole* piece.'

☞ The following is worthy of commendation, as given by an Irishman at Rookford, at their celebration on the 4th: 'When the lilly of France shall fade—when the thistle of Scotland shall droop—when the rose of England shall wither—then may the Shamrock of Ireland, entwined with the 'stripes and stars,' bloom in perpetual verdure.'

☞ 'That's my business,' as the butcher said to the dog that was killing his sheep.

Is this True.

There is a proverb that 'a father can more easily maintain six children, than six children one father.' Is this true?—Has the ingratitude of children passed into a proverb? Luther relates this story:

'There was once a father who gave up everything to his children, his house, his fields, and his goods, and expected that for this, his children would support him. But after he had been sometime with his son, the latter grew tired of him, and said to him, 'Father, I have had a son born to me to-night and there, where your arm chair stands, the cradle must come; will you not perhaps go to my brother, who has a larger room?' After he had been some time with the second son, he also grew tired of him, and said, 'Father you like a warm room, and that hurts my head. Won't you go to my brother, the baker?' The father went, and after he had been some time with the third son, he also found him burdensome, and said to him, 'Father, the people run in and out here all day, as if it were a pidgeon-house, and you cannot have your noon-day sleep; would you not be better off at my sister Kate's, near the town well?' The old man remarked how the wind blew, and said to himself, 'Yes, I will do so; I will go and try it with my daughter. Woman have softer hearts.' But after he had spent some time with his daughter, she grew weary of him, and said she was always so fearful when her father went to church or anywhere else, and was obliged to descend the steep stairs; and at her sister Elizabeth's there were no stairs, to descend, as she lived on the ground floor. For the sake of peace, the old man assented, and went to his other daughter. But after sometime she too was tired of him, and told him by a third person that her house was near the water, was too damp for a man who suffered with the gout, and her sister the grave digger's wife at St. Johns, had much drier lodgings. The old man himself, thought she was right, and went outside the gate to his youngest daughter Helen. But after he had been three days with her, her little son said to his grandfather, 'Mother said yesterday to cousin Elizabeth, that there was no better chamber for you than such a one as father digs.' These words broke the old man's heart, so that he sank back in his chair and died.'

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S RIGHTS.—Every man should keep the wolf from the door, and his mother-in-law too, if he can. Every woman has a right to be any age she pleases, for if she were to state her real age no one would believe her. Every one has a right to wear a moustache who can.—Every woman who makes puddings has a perfect right to believe that she can make a better pudding than any other woman in the world. Every man who carves has a decided right to think of himself by putting a few of the best bits aside. Every woman has a right to think her child the "prettiest little baby in the world," and it would be the greatest folly to deny her this right, for she would be sure to take it. Every young lady has a right to faint when she pleases, if her lover is by her side to catch her. Every fool has a right to be on the best terms with himself, and that man is a greater fool who differs with him about those terms. Every child who makes a noise, has a right to be turned out of the room; and supposing you have not the right, you are perfectly justified, if its parents are absent in usurping it.

TO SPOIL A DAUGHTER.—Be always telling her how very pretty she is.

Instil into her young mind an undue love for dress.

Allow her to read nothing but works of fiction.

Teach her all the accomplishments, but none of the utilities of life.

Keep her in the darkest ignorance of the mysteries of housekeeping.

Initiate her into the principle that it is vulgar to do anything for herself.

To strengthen the latter, let her have a lady's maid.

Teach her to think that she is better than anybody else.

Make her think she is sick when she is not, and let her lie in bed, taking medicine when half an hour's out door exercise would completely cure her of her laziness.

And lastly, having given her such an education, marry her to a moustached *gentleman* who is a clerk, with a salary of two hundred and fifty dollars.

☞ Labor, Industry, and Virtue go hand in hand. Idleness, Immorality, and Vice do the same. Down with all aristocracy—all nobility—save the nobility of true virtue, and honest industry. Toil, either of the brain, the heart or the hand, is the only true manhood, the only true nobility.

☞ A lady the other day asked a young gentleman of our acquaintance:

'Sir, is your wife as pretty as you are?'

'No, miss, but she has very pretty manners.'

No further interrogatories by the lady.

Keeping to the Question.

In the lonely village of Geneva, New York, the 'cullerd pussons,' in emulation of their white brethren, recently formed a Debating Society, for the purpose of improving their minds by the discussion of instructive and entertaining topics. The deliberations of the Society were presided over by a venerable darkey, who performed his duties with utmost dignity peculiar to his color. The subject for discussion on the occasion of which we write was, 'Wich am de mudder ob de chicken—de hen wot lays de egg, or de hen wot hatches de chick?' The question was warmly debated, and many reasons *pro* and *con* were urged and combated by the excited disputant. Those in favor of the latter propositions were evidently in the majority, and the President made no attempt to conceal that his sympathies were with the dominant party. At length an intelligent darkey arose from the minority side, and begged leave to state a proposition to this effect: ''Spose,' said he, 'dat you set one dozen duck's eggs under a hen, and dey hatch, wich am de mudder—de duck or de hen?' This was a poser, was well put, and rather nonplussed the other side, and even staggered the President, who plainly saw the force of the argument, but had committed himself too far to yield without a struggle; so, after cogitating and scratching his wool a few moments, a bright idea struck him. Rising from his chair; in all the conscious superiority, he announced: 'Ducks am not before de house; chickens am de quastion; derefore I rule de ducks out!' and do it he did, to the complete overthrow of his opponents.

Value of Kind Words.

Kind words do not cost much. They never blister the tongue or lips; and we have never heard of any trouble arising from this quarter. Though they do not cost much, yet they accomplish much.

1. They help one's own good nature and good will. Soft words soften our own soul. Angry words are fuel to the flame of wrath, and make it blaze the more fiercely.

2. Kind words make other people good natured Cold words freeze people, and hot words scorch them, and sarcastic words irritate them, and bitter words make them bitter, and wrathful words make them wrathful.

There is such a rush of all kinds of words in our days, that it seems desirable to give kind words a chance among them. There are vain words, and idle words, and hasty words, and spiteful words, and silly words, and empty words and profane words, and boisterous words, and warlike words.

Kind words also produce their own image on men's souls; and a beautiful image it is. They soothe and quiet and comfort the hearer. They shame him out of his sour, morose, unkind feelings. We have not yet begun to use kind words in such abundance as they ought to be used.—They should be on our lips from morning till night.

A REAL "WAKE."—An Irishman in Cincinnati died, apparently a short time since, was laid out, coffined, and a burial certificate obtained, and the friends of the family were called together to "wake" him. The whiskey, tobacco and eatables were discussed loudly and continually.—At about three o'clock in the morning, however, when the howl of lamentation was at its height, the body rose upright in the coffin and demanded "Fwhat the divil are you all about?" The company fled in affright, when corpse deliberately got out of the coffin in a very thin costume, took a drink, and profanely demanded his pants.

☞ Eighty per cent. of the women in North Carolina are said to be 'snuff dippers.' The process of snuff dipping consists of rubbing the teeth and gums with snuff, thereby causing a sensation like intoxication. The nerves are excited, and the head becomes a little giddy.

A RACE BACKWARDS.—At Derby, Connecticut, Sept. 13, a foot race backwards was run by Mr. Charles Hanks of that village. He ran 'against time,' making the half mile in a little over six minutes, and winning the stakes.

NEGRO STUDENTS.—A Paris paper says:—'The negro students from Hayti in the colleges of Paris have this year carried off their full share of literary honors, and the colored men have celebrated the occasion by a banquet.'

☞ A lady having written a letter, concluded it as follows: Give everybody's love to everybody, so that nobody may be aggrieved by anybody being forgotten by somebody.

☞ A person named Owen Moore once left his creditors somewhat unceremoniously, upon which a wag wrote—

Owen Moore has run away,
Owen more than he could pay

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

MINNESOTA ELECTION.—The St. Paul *Times* of the 17th, says the Republicans have elected 33 members of the House; the Democrats, 28, and 19 districts are yet to hear from. For Senate, the Republicans elected 10, and the Democrats 6, with 4 districts to hear from.

ELECTIONS IN NOVEMBER.—On the 1st of november the State and Congressional elections will occur in Louisiana. On the 2d, New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Michigan and Illinois are to elect State officers and members of the thirty-sixth Congress. On the 4th, Wisconsin votes, and on the 9th, Delaware.

☞ The official returns of the State eelection come in very slowly, but enough is known, however, to warrant us in saying that the People's State Ticket has been carried by 30,000 to 40,000 majority, the same party have also elected 20 out of 24 members of Congress, and a large majority in the State Legislature.

THE NEXT CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.—The Senate consists of thirty-five members, and stands twenty-four Democrats and ten Opposition, and one vacancy, caused by the death of W. I. Ferguson Of the new Senators elected, thirteen are Democrats and four Opposition. The Assemblymen elect are as follows:—Democrats 54 Oppositon 29, Administration members returned 9, Opposition 6.

INDIANA ELECTION.—The returns of the election held in this State thus far are, Senate, twelve Republicans, three Anti-Lecompton, and twelve Administration. Holding over, thirteen Republicans, ten Democrats. House, fifty-two Republicans, three Anti-Lecompton, and forty-five Administration. The official returns from five counties are not yet received, but will not change this result.—The Democratic State ticket has about 2,500 majority.

FOREIGN NEWS.—By the steamship Ariel, off Cape Race, from Liverpool, we have four days later news from Europe. Cotton is reported lower and breadstuffs dull. Mr. Reed, U. S. Commissioner to China, had gone to Shanghae. Large quantities of tea had accumulated at Canton, awaiting the opening of trade.—Cholera had appeared among the Chinese troops. There was a report that two French naval ships had appeared at Lisbon, to enforce some demand.

RETURNING PROSPERITY.—From all sections of the country our exchanges bring us assurances of a revival in trade. The effects of the terrible crash of 1857 are disappearing, not rapidly, but surely. The commercial marts of the country, and the most important manufacturing districts give us ample evidence of this.—The tone of confidence they evince is a surety that the day of calamity is over, and will not return again for some time to come. An activity is induced by this confidence which gives goodly promise of prosperous times, and though the immense business that was thriving before the crash may not immediately return, it will come, and meantime such business relations as then existed, will have been regularly and safely established.

The Late Elections.

The Ohio election has resulted in a republican majority of about 15,000 on the State ticket, and the election to Congress of fifteen republicans and six democrats, a republican gain of three members.

At the election in South Carolina, for members of the next Congress, all the present members have been re-elected except Speaker Orr, who declined renomination.

In Indiana, the election seems to have resulted in the choice of the democratic State ticket by from 1000 to 5000 majority, and an opposition majority in the State Legislature.

In Iowa, the election has resulted in the choice of Samuel R. Custer, opposition, to Congress, by about 1000 majority. He is one of the present members.

Runaway Match.

We copy the following from the Spruce Creek correspondence of the Huntingdon American:

A very interesting runaway match had its scene of exposure laid in Spruce Creek a week or two ago.

It seems that some man from Pittsburg arrived, on last Wednesday a week, at the Keystone Hotel, kept by Col. Speight, with another man's wife, where they spent three nights and two days. On the evening of Saturday, of the same week, the true husband arrived on the westward train. He had stayed but a short time in the search, but after he had done so, gleaned some intelligence of the guilty pair from the Conductors, and returned accordingly. The woman, who was on the lookout, perceiving him, conveyed the news to her quondam husband who, taking leg-bail, was soon out of sight. He went to Tyrone, from whence he telegraphed to her to come to him. By the time the dispatch arrived, however, the true husband and false wife had amicably settled their affair, and started for Pittsburg in the evening. The parties are said to have very respectable connections and are wealthy.

☞ A Chicago paper publishes a "calculation" concerning Thurston, the æronaut's fall. His elevation was thought to be three miles when he was last seen, and assuming this to be the distance he fell, it would only require thirty-one seconds and a half for him to reach the earth at a mean velocity of 495 feet per second. Assuming his weight to be 160 pounds, he would strike the earth with a momentum equal to 160,800 pounds, or little more than 80 tons, a power sufficient to shatter his body bone and muscle, into atoms so minute as scarcely to be perceptible, if not to bury him deep into the earth.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Peaches have sold in Cincinnati this season as high as ten dollars per bushel.

☞ There are now about 29,000 Post Offices in the United States.

☞ It has been suggested that the tail of the comet is caused by the dust it kicks up in traveling.

☞ The Memphis Bulletin says President Buchanan owns $10,000 of the stock of the Planters' Bank of Tennessee.

☞ Prentice says of an editor who said he "smelt a rat," that if he did, and the rat smelt him, the poor rat had the worse of it.

☞ Counterfeit quarters and half-dollars are as abundant here as blackberries in August. Examine well the money you take.

☞ The Johnstown *Echo* heads an article on the election "Fallen from Grace." Does the editor mean the party or the people?

☞ A tremendous *Hale*-storm passed over Mifflin, Centre, Clinton, Potter, Sullivan and Lycoming counties, on Tuesday of last week.

☞ Since J. Glancy Jones' defeat to a seat in Congress, he has been appointed by President Buchanan, Minister to Austria.

☞ Wm. A. Porter, has addressed a letter to Gov. Packer, resigning his commission as Judge of the Supreme Court, held by the Governor's appointment.

☞ The company having the contract for building the Western Maryland Railroad, have sent an agent to England to purchase the iron for laying the whole track.

☞ In Kansas, a free State delegate convention has been called to determine the policy of the party with reference to the speedy admission of Kansas as a State.

☞ Extremes Meeting.—Hon. Jefferson Davis is quite a lion at Boston. He had a kind of municipal reception a few days ago, and all the magistrates of the city set down to a dinner with him.

☞ The managers of the Crystal Palace, which was recently burned appear to be getting up a quarrel. As they have no longer a "glass house," they begin to throw stones.

☞ Some idea of the cost of the Utah expedition may be gained from this fact: Corn at Fort Larmnie to feed the cavalry horses costs *six dollars a bushel.*

☞ A firm faith is the best divinity; a good life is the best philosophy; a clear conscience, the best law; honesty, the best policy; and temperance, the best physician.

☞ Third street Philadelphia, is described as a street containing newspaper offices, insurance offices, note-shavers, head-shavers, and an undescribable quantity of youthful shavers, who constantly vend the daily papers.

☞ "Fashions" in brief—narrow flounces, seven, eight and nine, are in favor in New York, for the skirts of young ladies' dresses. The latest novelty in buttons is that of "the Empress Eugenie," a leaf with droplets.

☞ A New York paper says that some wealthy American gentleman in a high state of racing fever, have determined to challenge a race between English and American horses for $100,000—four mile heats over the Fashion Course.

☞ An English paper states: "Yankee steamers are so light on the Western rivers, that they can jump over a sand bar, float easily on wet grass, and are obliged to lie at anchor when there is a heavy dew."

☞ Dr. Kane, relates that when one day, worn out with fatigue, he turned into an Esquimaux hut to get a little sleep, the good-natured hostess of the wigwam covered him up with some of her own habiliments, and gave him her baby for a pillow!

☞ Two pairs of shoes were lately made by a shoe manufacturer in Lynn, to fill an order for a southern plantation. They are intended for a slave, and it is stated measure nineteen and a half inches in length with a corresponding width.

☞ A number of presiding officers of the first literary institution in the United States have decided that the admission of both sexes of young persons to the familiar relations of college life, is fraught with danger in a social and moral point of view.

☞ Patent Truths.—It is estimated that there are in the United States, twenty-five thousand persons who make their living partially by the sale of patent medicines. And it is estimated that about four times that number lose "their living" by taking the patent medicines.

☞ The Cost of War.—The cost of a thirteen inch shell, as it flies through the air, is from $10 to $12. The estimated cost of firing a thirty-six inch bomb is nearly $160. These figures afford some idea of the "shelling out" which is necessitated by war.

☞ Death has at last divided the oldest pair in the United States. Mrs. Ludwick Snyder died a few days since in Burnside township, Clearfield county, Pa., at the age of one hundred and eight. Her husband, who is one hundred and twelve years old, survives her.

☞ A contest is now in progress in Paris which attracts the attention of the whole civilized world. It is nothing more nor less than a game of chess. The contestants are Mr. Paul Morphy, an American youth of twenty-two years, and Monsieur Harwitz, a Frenchman, who, up to the advent of Morphy, was reputed to be the first of living chess-players. The contest is not yet decided. The successful player is to win the first seven games. We may remark that Morphy has already met and vanquished the best chess-players of American and England.

☞ It is stated by one of the Kansas correspondents that a movement has been initiated for the *formation of a new Territory* from the western portion of Kansas. Pike's Peak will elect a delegate to Congress, and send him on to the next session with a petition for a new territorial organization.

☞ A desperate affray occurred at the Fair Grounds at Nashville, Tenn., on the 14th inst., in which twelve or fifteen persons were engaged. Sandy Owen was killed; his brother dangerously wounded. Gen. Joel A. Battle had his skull fractured; Samuel Cowan was mortally wounded; and others were seriously injured.

☞ Naturalized Citizens.—An important decision regarding naturalized citizens has been delivered recently by the Supreme Court of Tennessee, it having decided "that a naturalized citizen must reside six months in the country, after his naturalization, before he is entitled to a vote."

☞ A few weeks since, says the New Orleans Crescent, we mentioned the marriage of a German widow, in third district, to her fifth husband, not one of the previous four having outlived his wedding a year. "Well, a few days since the fifth husband took the yellow fever. He died, and on Friday he was buried.

☞ A novel incident occurred at the Marshall County Fair, which was not laid down in the programme. A couple presented themselves and were married in the amphitheatre, in the presence of hundreds of spectators. Though no premium was offered for such an exhibition, the parties went on their way looking as if each had just obtained a prize above all price.

☞ Gettysburg Railroad.—This road is rapidly approaching completion. It is now graded and laborers are at work laying the track. A large engine house, together with a very spacious passenger and freight depots, are being built at the terminus in Gettysburg. It is fully expected the entire work will be completed and ready for a grand opening about the first of November next.

☞ A Sample Retrenchment.—Mr. Morgan, the President of the New York and Erie road, in his announcement, more than a year ago, of the reforms to be practiced, advised the Company to cut off the expense of advertising. The effect is seen in the diminished receipts of the Company. The Pennsylvania Central pursued a different course and advertised liberally, and have largely increased their receipts.

☞ New Style of Advertising.—The western folks are famous hands for new ideas.—For instance, the columns of the St. Louis Republican contains the following notice:—

"*Engaged*—Miss Anna Gould to John Candal, city marshal, both of Leavenworth, K. T."

Why not adopt this fashion here? How popular a newspaper would be among the young misses if it contained a column or so daily of like announcements. There is nothing near as fascinating in births, marriages or deaths.

☞ Mr. Morphy, the American chess player, has been astonishing the Parisians by repeating his extraordinary performance of playing eight games with eight separate players, at one and the same time, without the boards. Mr. Morphy won six of the games, and the other two were drawn. The play lasted for ten hours, during which time Mr. Morphy never took the slightest refreshment, and at the conclusion did not appear to be much fatigued.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.—Many touching incidents of the loss of the Austria has been related, and many an eye has been dimmed in their perusal by the tear of sympathy; but the following is certainly the most affecting we have seen.—It it related by one of the rescued passengers:

"An English lady, who came on board at Southampton with her husband, had three children with her—a girl about five years old, a boy about three, and a babe in her arms.—The husband had jumped over, and as the flames grew hotter and burned more fiercely she took her little girl, kissed her, and threw her into the water. She then took the boy, a fair healthy little fellow, embraced him, gave him her last kiss and threw him in. *He struck on his back, and struggled very hard. Rising to the surface three seperate times, he called out "Mamma," each time in the most piteous tones, then sunk to rise no more.* The poor woman then clasped her baby to her breast and jumped in with it, kissing it repeatedly as they sank to the bottom."

☞ Rev Sanford Parker, a Methodist clergyman, who owned a farm in Hinckley township, Ohio, and was living upon it at the time of his decease, came to his death in a horrible manner, on Saturday, the 6th inst. While in the act of returning his bull to an enclosure from whence he had escaped, he was attacked and gored to death before he could get out of the reach of the enraged animal, although he fought desperately with a hay fork. From the appearance of the ground, the first attack was made fifteen rods from the enclosure, and after the breaking of the fork, which was found three rods nearer the fence, considerable blood could be traced to the fence, and some even upon it. By the appearance of the body when found, the bull must have torn him from the fence and thrown him a considerable distance from it.—His body presented a frightful aspect. Mr. Parker was about forty-five years of age, and was much beloved by all who knew him.

THE GREAT PRIZE FIGHT BETWEEN HEENAN AND MORRISSEY.—BUFFALO, N. Y., October 19. The coming fight between Heenan and Morrissey causes the greatest excitement among the fancy. The city is fuller than ever before of "bruisers." Delegations continue to arrive by every train. Notorious sporting characters are here from Havana, New Orleans, California, and all the large northern cities. Both Morrissey and Heenan are reported to be in excellent condition and eager for the fray. The fight takes place near Long Point, Canada, on the 20th.—Heenan's seconds are Aaron Jones and Johnny Mackey. Morrissey's seconds are Dublin Trick and Australian Kelly. The betting is now even. A fight came off to-day at Point Abino between Scotty and Barney Aaron, resulting in a victory for Scotty; Barney giving him a foul blow.—They fought ten rounds in fifteen minutes.

AN EDITOR TURNED PRINTER.—The editor of the Pittsburg *Post* has been trying his hand at "setting type." His effort appeared under his editorial head a few days since, and will be found below. He will no doubt be "one of them" some of these days.

a NeM priZer

this is our grst efort st type setting. we presume that it will sqow t=t we can lea.n fas,—we are sEtf-tAvonT too!; We want no help we will have it right wit- out aSsisTance!—The drooj will ueep no connection we don't intend to trL EAery daL but we Mill le; tue pRinters qnow we are oNe of em. tAtK aqout tqe srt of swibing; wHy its just as easy as roLLing off a LOg.

Letter from Springfield, Ohio.

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Oct. 14, 1858.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The Clark county Agricultural Fair held near this city on the 6th, 7th and 8th, inst., was certainly a creditable affair indeed. During the three days of the Fair, our streets were thronged with people, horses and all kinds of vehicles. The Fair ground comprised an area of about twenty-five acres of forest land, beautifully adorned by clusters of large trees. The Agricultural and Mechanical departments exhibited industry and ingenuity to a high degree. The stock was very good, particularly of the horned cattle, which were hard to beat. There were many fine specimens of needle work and fancy embroidery exhibited. On Friday afternoon, three young ladies competed for the prize to be awarded to the one best skilled in horsemanship. They managed their fiery steeds with great dexterity, and exhibited great proficiency in the art. Each deserves a premium. The greatest attractions there (at least to bachelors) were decorated with ribbons, flounces and powdered faces—I mean the ladies. It was queer what great attention they attracted. I couldn't see why.

I must not neglect to tell you of one feature of our town, which I have not yet hinted at, because I was not aware of the fact 'till now. We have *seventy-five taverns and grog-shops in this place!*—all doing a *paying* business! Is it not a lamentable state of affairs? We have stringent laws enough, regulating the sale of that damning beverage called "whiskey;" but it seems to me the fault lies with those who are to administer justice to all—to maintain the majesty of the laws, and with those whose duty it is to punish for the violation of the law. Men of wealth and respectability—church-members too—who reside among these hell-holes, seem to connive at the deeds of wickedness done, for they never raise a feeble voice in denouncing them. The other day, an aged man from the country, was seen staggering through the streets so blinded by liquor that he could not find his horse and carriage. A benevolent gentleman, who was an entire stranger in the town, stepped up to him, and by dint of great exertion succeeded in getting the drunken man into the carriage. Seeing that the old man could not drive home, the stranger asked some passer-by, where the drunken man lived; and after finding out, he proceeded to convey the drunkard home, six miles into the country. When he drove up to the house, the old man's wife and lovely young daughter came to the door; and when they saw the beastly condition of their husband and father, tears flooded their eyes, and they wept as if their poor hearts would break. They led the intoxicated man into the house, and truly that house was a place of sorrow. The old man's son brought the benevolent gentleman back to town; and as they approached the town, a tear glistened upon the young man's sun-burnt cheek as he said: "If liquor had not been sold here, my dear father had not been a drunkard—yes, my father would now be a sober man." I have this incident from the gentleman himself, who so befriended that drunken old man. How can rumsellers—in the name of God, how can rumsellers thus destroy the peace of families, the happiness of children and wives, and the souls of men! I wish—for the sake of immortal souls, I wish there were not a drop of whiskey in the land! But I fear that blighting curse can be removed by nothing but an efficient public sentiment, such as has removed the curse of slavery from one half of our country.—Let us begin *now*, to do something towards forming that sentiment in the people, and we yet shall be free from the curse that not only enslaves the body, but ruins the soul. God speed thy servants on to duty! JUSTINUS.

From Pekin, Illinois.

Mr. Isaac Maurer writes us from the above place, under date of October 11th, and gives a short insight into affairs out in that "neck o' timber" after the following style:—

"In Pennsylvania, I saw deep bearing forests, long chains of mountains, deep valleys and numerous fresh water springs, but on entering Illinois, I beheld a great contrast. None of those charming sights greeted my eyes, in their stead, I see dotted over the prairie small scrubby groves, streams overflowing their banks almost throughout their entire lengths and creating deep ponds or stagnant water. An old proverb says, 'a change of pasture makes sheep fat,' but Bill (one of the tuckahoe drummers,) says the sheep ain't getting fat. We have had no frosts yet, as far as I can learn, consequently we have a very pleasant fall, we have more or less ague and fever in every family and other diseases with it, making the country very unhealthy. The milk sickness has not yet made its appearance. It generally follows the frost.

I recollect reading in an Eastern paper an account stating that people do not die in the West. Now I have learned lately why it is so, 1st. Everybody knows that ague is prevalent in Illinois—2d everybody knows that the wind blows very hard in Illinois. Well the people worn out thin and light with the ague, there comes a wind—a high wind—and away goes the victim—*good bye sucker*, I guess they go Eastward, for the highest winds come from the West and travel in an Easterly direction.

Farmers here are very much discouraged from the fact that they have had very light wheat crops for the last four years, and are obliged to take a very small price for wheat they do raise.

BATTLE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES TROOPS AND INDIANS.—ST. LOUIS, October 19.—Intelligence has reached here of a desperate battle between the U. S. troops and Camanches, near the Witchita village, in which, on the part of the whites, Lieut. Van Camp and four men were killed, while there was also one man missing and ten wounded, including a Major Van Horn, severely. The enemy had forty killed and a sensiderable number wounded. Advices from Fort Kearney to the 2d inst., report that Major Crossman, Captain Newton, and Lieut. Bryan, of the engineer corps, and Lieut. Villezpegel, of the Second Dragoons, had reached that place on the 26th ult., in the steamer United States. They report the gold excitement as still very high, though the actual results of the operations were not so cheering as the accounts would seem to warrant.

OFFICIAL RETURNS

Of the Election held in Blair County, on Tuesday, October 12, 1858.

DISTRICTS.	SURVEYOR JUDGE.	CANAL BOARD.	CONGRESS.	ASSEMBLY.	SHERIFF.	TREASURER.	COMMISS.	DIRECTOR OF POOR.	AUDITOR.
Altoona, E. W.,	Porter, 103	Frost, 103	Pershing, 105	Burley,* 109	Funk,* 123	Lingafelt,* 120	Shoenman, 107	Cramer, 145	Isett, 103
" W. W.,	Read,* 112	Frazer,* 111	Blair,* 105	Christy, 110	Snyder, 73	Osterloh, 96	Fox, 75	Riddle,* 75	Hewitt,* 82
Allegheny,	67	70	81	69	61	72	58	63	70
Antis,	80	74	61	60	60	75	75	94	58
Blair,	144	140	138	146	134	141	134	134	133
Catharine,	205	205	201	230	254	205	253	252	223
Freedom,	70	64	74	74	75	84	73	67	65
Frankstown,	64	78	78	71	66	66	66	67	65
Gaysport,	222	215	220	233	236	244	236	234	200
Hollidaysburg, E. W.,	63	63	66	68	63	67	67	67	64
" W. W.,	36	35	37	37	35	37	37	37	36
Huston,	90	89	89	90	89	90	89	89	89
Juniata,	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146
Logan,	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	147
N. Woodberry,	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
Taylor,	43	44	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
Tyrone,	246	246	246	246	246	246	246	246	246
Warrior's Mark,	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Williamsburg,	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143
Woodberry,	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96
Total,	2214	2201	2267	2313	2310	2378	2301	2324	2274
The highest paid candidate for Surveyor received the following vote:—Frost, 2201; Wade, 13.									
Opposition candidates marked with a *.									

DISTRICTS.	JUDGE.	DISTRICT ATT'Y.	COUNTY COM.	TREASURER.	JUSTICES OF PEACE.	CONSTABLE.
Altoona, E. W.,	Taylor, 103	Bell, 103	Jones,* 117	Baldridge,* 110	Crissman, 100	Zeth, 96
" W. W.,	Bell,* 82	Hewitt,* 82	Zeth, 95	Crissman, 73	Baldridge,* 75	Jones,* 71
Allegheny,	67	67	71	69	68	68
Antis,	80	80	80	80	80	80
Blair,	144	144	134	146	134	134
Catharine,	205	205	204	205	205	205
Freedom,	70	70	70	70	70	70
Frankstown,	64	64	64	64	64	64
Gaysport,	222	222	222	222	222	222
Hollidaysburg, E. W.,	63	63	63	63	63	63
" W. W.,	36	36	36	36	36	36
Huston,	90	90	90	90	90	90
Juniata,	146	146	146	146	146	146
Logan,	147	147	147	147	147	147
N. Woodberry,	101	101	101	101	101	101
Taylor,	43	43	43	43	43	43
Tyrone,	246	246	246	246	246	246
Warrior's Mark,	95	95	95	95	95	95
Williamsburg,	143	143	143	143	143	143
Woodberry,	96	96	96	96	96	96
Total,	2274	2274	2271	2313	2301	2274

Recapitulation.

The following is a recapitulation of the vote for the different County and State officers of Blair county:

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.	
John M. Reed, Opp.,	2714
Wm. A. Porter, Dem.,	1679
Majority,	1035
CANAL COMMISSIONER.	
Wm. E. Frazer, Opp.,	2696
Westly Frost, Dem.,	1677
Majority,	1019
CONGRESS.	
S. S. Blair, Opp.,	2798
C. L. Pershing, Dem.,	1567
Majority,	1231
ASSEMBLY.	
Jacob Burley, Opp.,	2514
R. W. Christy, Dem.,	1815
Majority,	699
SHERIFF.	
James Funk, Opp.,	2752
Christian Snyder, Dem.,	1603
Majority,	1149
John Piper, Volunteer,	2
Daniel Young, do.,	46
John Warfel, do.,	3
PROTHONOTARY.	
Joseph Baldrige, Opp.,	2818
A. J. Crissman, Dem.,	1587
Majority,	1231
COMMISSIONER.	
E. M. Jones, Opp.,	2668
Jacob Zeth, Dem.,	1718
Majority,	945
TREASURER.	
John Lingafelt, Opp.,	2738
A. F. Osterloh, Dem.,	1638
Majority,	1100
CORONER.	
Wm. Fox. Opp.,	2656
J. D. Spielman, Dem.,	1690
Majority,	966
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.	
John B. Riddle, Opp.,	2540
Geo. B. Cramer, Dem.,	1862
Majority,	678
AUDITOR.	
Jos. R. Hewit, Opp.,	2524
E. B. Isett, Dem.,	1671
Majority,	853

The State Senate.

The following list shows how the next Senate will stand:

1. John H. Parker, Opp.,* Richardson L. Wright, Dem., Isaac N. Marselis, Dem., Samuel J. Randall, Dem.
2. Thomas S. Bell, Dem.
3. Jolin Thompson, Opp.*
4. Mahlon Yardley, Opp.*
5. Jeremiah Shindle, Dem.*
6. Daniel Hottenstine, Dem.*
7. Robert M. Palmer, Opp.*
8. Thomas Craig, Jr., Dem.
9. E. Reed Myer, Opp.
10. George P. Steele, Dem.
11. Glenni W. Scofield, Opp.
12. Andrew Gregg, Opp.*
13. Reuben Keller, Dem.*
14. Henry Fetter, Dem.
15. John B. Rutherford, Opp.
16. Robert Baldwin, Opp., Bartram A. Shaeffer, Opp.
17. William H. Welsh, Dem.*
18. George W. Brewer, Dem.
19. William P. Schell, Dem.
20. John Cresswell, Jr., Dem.
21. T. J. Coffey, Opp.
22. Jacob Turney, Dem.
23. Geo. W. Miller, Dem.
24. Sam'l. M'Kee, Opp.,* Edward D. Gazzam, Opp.
25. John R. Harris, Opp.
26. Wm. M. Francis, Opp.
27. Darwin A. Finney, Opp.*
28. Kennedy L. Blood, Dem.*

	Dem.	Opp.
Holding over,	12	9
New members,	5	7
	17	16
Democratic majority,	1	
*New Members.		

ELOPEMENT.—The New Orleans (La.) Cresent states that a lady, the wife of a most respectable merchant of that city, and the mother of three children, left the house of her husband, who is now in the North, for parts unknown.—She left a note for him, stating that he need not trouble himself about the children, as none of them were his. A relative of the lady followed and had an interview with her, beseeching her to return, &c., but she spurned the idea, alleging disparity of age, disagreement of temper, and other things as full justification for the step she had taken.

The Congressional Districts.

The Opposition have made nearly a clean sweep of the Congressional Districts of the State. The following is the result:

1. Thomas B. Florence, Dem.
2. Edward Joy Morris, Opp.
3. John P. Verree, Opp.
4. William Millward Opp.
5. John Wood Opp.
6. John Hickman, Anti-Lecompton.
7. Henry C. Longnecker, Opp.
8. John Schwartz, Anti-Lecompton.
9. Thaddeus Stevens, Opp.
10. John W. Killinger, Opp.
11. James H. Cambell, Opp.
12. George W. Scranton, Opp.
13. Wm. H. Dimmick, Dem.
14. Galusha A. Grow, Opp.
15. James T. Hale, Opp.
16. Benjamin F. Junkin, Opp.
17. Edward McPherson Opp.
18. Samuel Steel Blair, Opp.
19. John Cavode, Opp.
20. William Montgomery, Dem.
21. James K. Moorhead, Opp.
22. Robert McKnight, Opp.
23. William Stewart, Opp.
24. Chapin Hall, Opp.
25. Elija Babbit, Opp.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

The following is the result of the election in this State for members of the Legislature:

	Opp.	Dem.
Philadelphia,	13	4
Delaware,	1	0
Chester,	4	0
Montgomery,	2	0
Bucks,	2	0
Northampton,	0	2
Lehigh and Carbon,	0	2
Monroe and Pike,	0	1
Wayne,	0	1
Luzerne,	3	0
Susquehanna,	1	0
Bradford,	2	0
Wyoming, Sullivan, and Montour,	0	2
Lycoming and Clinton,	2	0
Centre,	1	0
Mifflin,	1	0
Union, Snyder, and Juniata,	2	0
Northumberland,	1	0
Schuylkill,	3	0
Dauphin,	2	0
Lebanon,	1	0
Berks,	0	3
Lancaster,	4	0
York,	0	3
Cumberland and Perry,	1	1
Adams,	1	0
Franklin and Fulton,	2	0
Bedford and Somerset,	2	0
Huntingdon,	1	0
Blair,	1	0
Cambria,	0	2
Indiana,	1	0
Armstrong and Westmoreland,	0	3
Fayette,	0	1
Greene,	0	1
Washington,	2	0
Allegheny,	5	0
Beaver and Lawrence,	2	0
Butler,	2	0
Mercer and Venango,	2	0
Clarion and Forest,	0	1
Jeff'n, Clearfield, M'Kean & Elk,	0	2
Crawford and Warren,	2	0
Erie,	2	0
Potter and Tioga,	2	0
Total,	78	80
Opposition majority,	48	

XVIIIth Congressional District.

	S. S. Blair.	C. L. Pershing.
Blair county,	2798	1567
Cambria,	1709	2273
Huntingdon,	2116	1261
Somerset,	2501	1578
	9124	6679
	6679	
Blair's majority,	2435	

In 1856, *Edie's* majority in Blair county was 661—in Huntingdon 258—in Somerset 724—and *Pershing's* majority in Cambria was 1349. Edie's majority in the District was 314.

☞ The Rat Market.—A Mr. Jenning says he employs four men constantly to catch rats, and that he has obtained upwards of 3,000 from the Astor House, and 2,000 from the St. Nicholas Hotel; about the same number from the New York Hotel, and lots from Taylor's and a number of other hotels in New York. He supplies a great number of cities of the United States with the animal, Baltimore alone being his customer to the extent of about 2,000 per month.

☞ To become Citizens.—The remaining Indians in Florida, it appears, have determined to become citizens. Fifteen of them visited Miami, Fla., on the 1st inst., and announced their intention to settle, live in peace, and be governed and protected by the laws. They are engaged in clearing land near that town for agricultural purposes. Three of them could read and write.

Altoona Tribune.

LOCAL ITEMS.

PROBABLE MURDER.—An unknown man was found lying on the track opposite Mr. Wood's Hotel, in this place, on yesterday morning. He was first discovered about five o'clock when life was not entirely extinct. It is thought by some that he has been murdered, by others that he fell in attempting to get on the Express Train going east. There were no scars or bruises on his person, with the exception of a wound received on the left side of his head, which fractured his skull, thereby causing death. The wound was evidently given by a slung-shot or some other round or blunt instrument. From letters and other documents about his person, it is thought that he hails from Chicago; he also had a ticket from that place to New York, and had in his possession thirty-nine dollars in quarters and halves. He is stout built and about five feet six inches in height. His name is supposed to be D. T. Bernier. The verdict of the Coroner's inquest was that he came to his death by a blow inflicted by some unknown cause to the jury.

BONFIRES.—On Wednesday evening of last week, a number of those whose spirit of exultation would not permit them to treat the recent victory attained by the People's Party as though it had not been, obtained a small wagon and made an excursion around the town, gathering up all the store-boxes, ale and tallow barrels, &c., and repaired to the hill above East Altoona, where they built quite a large bonfire and gave vent to their enthusiasm in repeated cheers for their party and candidates.

On Friday evening, the Junior Sons, assisted by a number of those who sympathize with them, collected all the boxes and barrels to be had about the town on the top of the hill above West Altoona, and burned them in honor of the election of I. J. Neal, of Philadelphia, one of their number, to a seat in the Legislature. Both fires were quite large and lit up the town in a handsome manner.

LADIES' FAIR.—We learn that the ladies connected with St. John's Church, in this place, have in contemplation the getting up of a Fair in a short time, the proceeds accruing from which to be devoted to the building now in course of erection for their worthy Pastor.—The preliminary arrangements are already in progress, and there is every reason to believe that it will be creditable to those who are engaged in getting it up. Gold watches, and numerous other valuable articles, are to be amongst the prizes distributed. We hope that the enterprize will be liberally patronized by our citizens.

FIRE ON THE MOUNTAINS.—The Mountains on all sides of the town are now on fire, creating a dense smoke which fills the air and give the present the appearance of Indian Summer, although we think it a little too early for that season. They have doubtless been fired purposely, by those who wish to gather chestnuts, of which it is said there is an abundance, to enable them to gather more readily. A great deal of wood which was put up in cords has also been destroyed, and unless we get rain soon, much more will be burned.

AT FAYETTE CITY, MONONGAHELA AND INDIANA FAIRS, during the last week, the First Premiums for rapid Business and Ornamental Penmanship were awarded to the Iron City College of this City. The present patronage of this Institution is greater than that of any other four Commercial Colleges of the Union, and offers advantages superior to all others in every branch of Business Education, as well as in Penmanship for which it is so pre-eminently distinguished.—*Pittsburg Evening Chronicle.*

HOW TO SPEEDILY CURE A COUGH OR COLD.—These maladies, which usually appear so simple and of minor importance, should not be trifled with, as they frequently lead to lesions of the lungs, and consequently incurable pulmonary complaints. This need never happen if persons were to resort at once to that most excellent and pleasant medicine known as "Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup," prepared by him in Pittsburgh, Pa., and for sale at G W. Kessler's in this place.

IMPROVEMENT.—We are pleased to note quite an improvement in the appearance of the front of the Methodist Church, occasioned by the fencing in of the lot and erection of a neat palance on the wall in front of the door, all of which has been neatly painted. It now looks quite handsome, and adds materially to the appearance to that part of the town.

ANOTHER COMET.—There is now another of these bodies in the celestial field. Tutte's comet can now be seen in the constellation Perseus, without the aid of a telescope. This group is in a direct range with a line drawn from the two pointers in the "Great Dipper" through the North star, and is about as far from that body as Arcturus.

NEW FIRM.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that our young friends Percival & Isenberg, have entered into partnership in the butchering business, and invite a share of patronage. We hope they may receive a liberal share, as they are certainly worthy of it.

LAYING OF THE CORNER STONE.—The corner stone of the new Protestant Episcopal Church, in this place, was laid laid by Bishop Bowman, of Philadelphia with the usual ceremonies of the church. There was quite a number of persons in attendance, although but short notice had been given.

REVIVALS.—A Revival meeting is now in progress in the United Brethren church, in this place, and considerable interest being awakened. We hope to witness awakenings equal if not greater than those of last year.

REVIVAL.—The M. E. Church of this place is now being favored with a gracious Revival. A goodly number of penitents are found nightly at the Alter of Prayer.

AN AMERICAN OCTOBER.—The gifted PRENTICE indulges in a very poetic description of October, characterising it as a season for poets and painters to revel in. Every lover of the beautiful in Nature will respond affirmatively to the sentiment that "October is the very time to enjoy the animated crowds of town life, and it is the time of times to admire God's marvels in the country, as he works his wondrous change from summer to winter and scatters over the face of nature a rainbow veil to conceal the effects of decay's effacing fingers," as he would strew forget me-nots over the grave of the flowers. October may be sharp and even cold to us, but we love it for its laughing skies, its gorgeous sunsets, and the brazing tone of its morning salutations. It paints the cheek of beauty to make it look more like the rose, and it animates the step of manhood as if by a new infusion of natural vigor. We may in the springtime have flirted with coquettish April, with flowers in her hair and tresse flowing in the vernal breeze—but October, with her queenly gait, wreathed with the purple glories of the vine, her train borne by Exercise and Sport—clothed in rare and dazzling tints—her eye all animation and her step all grace—she is our maturer love, and we are so attached to her that when we die we want to die with her.—'Die as the leaves do, that fall in October.' Beautiful in the country, where fields and forests glow like many colored fires, and even beautiful in the city, which providentially is 'open at the top' to let in the glories of these cerulean skies and the crisp breeze of early autumn, till the benediction of the covering heavens falls like dew."

JURORS.—The following is a list of the Grand and Traverse Jurors drawn for the approaching term of the Court, commencing on Monday 25th inst:

GRAND JURORS.

Bell James H., tailor, Hollidaysburg.
Baer John A., teacher, Altoona.
Cannon Alfred, boat-builder, Hollidaysburg.
Dibert Henry, farmer, Catherine,
Green Robert, merchant, Altoona.
Gwin Alexander, do do
Good Jocob, Esq., Justice, do
Hamilton John, manager, do
Henderson Andrew, laborer, do
Hoover John P., farmer, North Woodberry.
Lewis Joseph, do Snyder.
McCormick Alexander, merchant, Altoona.
McCartney Allen, farmer Antis.
McCrea Charles, K., foundar, Altoona.
Martin R. W., inn-keeper, Woodberry.
Nuil Daniel, carpenter, Hollidaysburg.
Reed George W., merchant Catherine.
Robeson David, farmer, Allegheny.
Sanford William B., butcher Logan.
Smith Elias, farmer, Antis.
Sorrick Jacob, do Woodberry.
White Henderson, machinist, Altoona.
Williams Thomas J., farmer, Logan.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Andrews Jacob, blacksmith, Hollidaysburg.
Burley Jonathan, carpenter, Snyder.
Bobb Alexander, moulder, do
Brake James, blacksmith, North Woodberry.
Blake John, farmer, Catherine.
Burkhart Jacob, farmer, Logan.
Bell B. F., merchant, Antis.
Bingham Thos. do Hollidaysburg.
Beigle Daniel, physcian, Blair.
Bouslough William, farmer Frankstown.
Dysart Alexander, do Tyrone.
Dean Samuel, do Woodberry.
Emigh George, do Huston.
Fisher Jesse, do Tyrone.
Fleck Henry, do Logan.
Green Andrew, gentleman, Altoona,
Graybill Joseph, farmer, North Woodberry.
Henry Samuel, E., clerk, Hollidaysburg.
Hessey Jacob, carpenter, Altoona.
Hahn Samuel, W., moulder North Woodberry.
Irwin Abraham R., farmer, Antis.
Irwin David, C., do Frankstown.
Jones Jacob, W., carpenter, Snyder.
Jones E. M., Express Agent, Altoona.
Knox Alexander, merchant, Blair.
Kinkead James N., farmer, Catherine.
Lehr John, merchant, Altoona.
Metzker Isaac, farmer, North Woodberry.
McKeehan Jas., do Frankstown.
Nicodemus J. S. do North Woodberry.
Robeson William, stone-mason, Logan.
Stewart Robert, carpenter, Tyrone.
Snyder Theo., farmer, N. Woodberry.
Snively George R., miller, Woodberry.
Vansoyoc Stephen, farmer, Antis.
Wilson William, do Tyrone.
Weaver Solomon, laborer, Snyder.
Waring Robert, fruitcrer, do.

SECOND WEEK.

Acker Christian, farmer. Huston.
Albright Samuel, do Taylor.
Brooke Wm. H. Miller. Blair.
Bowers Isaac, farmer, N. Woodberry.
Burley George, carpenter, Snyder.
Clarke Samuel, blacksmith, Hollidaysburg.
Cooper S. F., carpenter, Woodberry.
Figart Alexander K., blacksmith, Frankstown.
Funk John, farmer, Allegheny.
Fouse Wm., do Huston.
Gibson Abraham, laborer, Altoona.
Hibboney D. C., manufacturer, Allegheny.
Hoover Philip, farmer, Snyder.
Hays John, tanner, Hollidaysburg.
Hagerty William, farmer, Logan.
Hagerty Joseph, do do
Hileman Philip, do Frankstown.
Hart Ellis, laborer, Allegheny,
Hill Arthur, merchant, Hollidaysburg.
Hamilton Robert R., Farmer, Allegheny.
Isett John, do Tyrone
Loudon James, do Logan,
Laugenfelter Andrew, laborer, Juniata
Layman John, farmer, Taylor.
McIntosh James, merchant, Altoona.
Milliken Samuel, lumber merchant, Antis.
McMinn Thomas, carpenter, Altoona.
Moore Jesse Jr., farmer, Frankstown,
Morrow George, do Tyrone.
Roney John, laborer, Hollidaysburg.
Robison Abraham, farmer, Blair.
Stahl Levi, clerk Antis.
Spencer Wm. J., clerk, Woodberry.
Spangler Andrew, farmer, N. Woodberry.
Trout Thomas, do Antis.
Ullery John, do Blair.
Wagner Joseph, do Woodberry.
William Joseph, merchant, Snyder.

THE PANIC—MORE FAILURES.—The panic in New York seems to be on the increase. In this city everything goes on smoothly, and the only failures we have heard of were the failures to furnish good fits made by some inferior clothing establishments. There is no such difficulty to be encountered by those who patronize the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above sixth. Gentlemen and Youths never fail to procure capital fits at this popular establishment.

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE.—One of the very best Cough Medicines to be found anywhere, is Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup, sold by G. W. Kessler, at 50 cents per bottle.

☞ See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's LIVER INVIGORATOR in another column.

TRIAL LIST.—Trial List for October Term, 1858:

FIRST WEEK.

Charles Huges vs. G. L. Lloyd.
F. M. Bell & Co. vs. Shields & Miller.
Brenneman's Adm'r vs. A. Patterson.
Thornton Barnes vs. J. C. McLanahan.
Langham & wife vs. F. Stiffler's heirs & al.
P. McCloskey vs. P. McCloskey's Adm'r.
David Burger vs. J. Keough.
Jesse Herbet vs. H. McNeal.
J. Brenneman vs. M. Grabill.
H. McNeal vs. A. D. & J. P. Moore.

SECOND WEEK.

Joseph Baldridge vs. Margeret Moore.
Lyman Hubbell vs. Moore & Wilson.
H. N. Burroughs vs. Moore & Brother.
Lloyd & Wilson vs. Johnston Moore.
Sam'l G. Rhodes vs. W. A. Dean & Co. & al.
Charles Raunch vs. Lloyd & Hill.
Henry Lemmet vs. A. M. & R. White.
William McCauley vs. Mowry & Pike.
Phillip Harpster vs. John Harpster.
Penn'a R. R. & Co. vs. W. J. Sellers & al.
D. K. Reamy vs. H. McNeal.
George Jackson vs. Blair Co. Coal & Iron Co.
R. M'Clain vs. D. K. Reamy.
D. K. Reamy vs. H. McNeal.
John Lytle vs. Directors of Poor, &c.
Alex. Figart vs. J. L. Lloyd
James Clossin's Adm'rs vs. A. Roney et al.
Wm. McKillips Adm'r vs. David McKillip.
B. O'Frie's Adm'x vs. A. M. White & Co.
D. Good's use vs. D. Watson & al.
J. M. Bell vs. D. K. Reamy.
Shoenberger's Exr's vs. same,
J. B. Hileman vs. J. D. Huges.
S. M. Bunn, vs. A. B. Clarke.
John Nice vs. Reifsnyder & Wehn.
Paul Graff vs. A. Patterson.
Wood, Morrell & Co vs. J. R. Crawford & al.
J. R. McFarlane & Co. vs. Thos. Porter.
Bell Johnson, Jack & Co vs. Bingham & Holliday.
James Denning vs. R. M. Lemon.
Lewis Lawyer vs. George Wehn.
T. G. Pomeroy. et al vs. Allegheny R. R. & C. Co.
Thomas Hemphill vs. D. K. Reamy.
Joseph Shannon vs. A. K. Figart.
Bell Johnston, Jack & Co. vs. S. D. Hays.
Thomas Mays vs. D. J. Pruner.
Maria Brown vs. Joseph Shannon.
D. B. Taylor & Co. vs. A. & E. Patterson.
Jacob Good vs. Clement Jaggard.

Sept. 29. 1858, JOS. BALDRIDGE, Prot.

The Nashville Fair Affray.

From The Nashville (Tenn.) Union of Oct. 14.

The Fair ground was yesterday, about 12 o'clock, the scene of a terrible affray, which resulted in the death of one man and the mortal wounding of two or three others. It occurred upon the promenade back of the upper tier of seats, and created the greatest excitement imaginable. So unexpected was it to those in attendance upon the Fair, that it was impossible to ascertain the facts attending the sanguinary affair, and we can only give the most intelligible narrative we could deduce from the mass of contradictory reports which were flying with almost lightning rapidity over the ground.

It appears that a feud of a very bitter nature had for some time existed between John James and sandy Owens, sons of Everett Owen of Williamson County, and Sam. and Geo. W. Cowan. sons, of Mr. Owen's wife by a former husband. Sam. Cowan met James Owen, who had his wife leaning upon his arm, at the fair yesterday morning, and spat in his face. Shortly afterward James and Sandy Owen met Sam. Cowan on the promenade back of the upper seats, when Sandy Owen commenced an attack upon Cowan with a stick. Cowan then drew a pistol and shot Owen through the heart, killing him instantly, and simultaneously the friends of the paaties interfered, making a vigorous and fearful use of sticks. During the melee that ensued, four or five, or perhaps six, additional shots were fired. When the combatants were separated, it was ascertained that James Owen was shot in the hand, through the thigh, and in the back above the hips, ranging into the lungs.—It was thought his wounds were mortal, and that he could not survive until this morning.

Upon bringing Sam. Cowan to the city, it was ascertained that he was mortally wounded by a pistol shot, the ball having entered the upper part of the forehead and ranging back where it lodged. Gen. Joel A. Battle was horribly mangled about the head, from blows inflicted with a heavy stick, and, it is reported, that his skull is fractured, from which he was suffering the most excruciating pain last evening. Fears were entertained that his wounds would prove fatal. Mr. Thomas Battle, who was standing near when the affray commenced, received a slight, though painful flesh-wound in the wrist from a pistol shot. A pistol ball passed thro' the coat of the gate-keeper at the ring, near where the fight occurred. We heard of several others who were slightly injured from blows inflicted by sticks, among others Mr. W. A. Davis. It is a miracle that several others were not killed or wounded, where so many were in the vicinity.

The fight occurred on the opposite side of the amphitheater from where the ladies were seated, though a few were in the immediate vicinity, who were greatly alarmed.

THE BALLOON RACE.—Cincinnati, Oct 18.—The balloon race came off at four o'clock this afternoon, between Mons. Godard, and Prof. Steiner. They intend remaining up three days. Bellman, of the *Gazette*, preceded them in a small balloon.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

The balloons passed Lebanon about sunset. Professor Steiner was about two miles ahead, going directly north. They passed Middletown at 7 o'clock, going north. Only one balloon was seen at Dayton; it passed about ten miles south-west of the city, and was now quite low in the horizion. It passed Chilicothe at 8 o'clock P. M.

Cleveland, Oct, 19.

Professor Godard, the balloonist, came down last night, about half-past 10 o'clock, fifteen miles from Sandusky. His competitor, Professor Steiner, descended about 11 o'clock, at a point within a mile of Sandusky, having been successful both in going further and remaining up longer than his rival.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and delicate diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price one dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada.

JOB MOSES, (late I. C. Baldwin & Co.)
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorised Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail.

B. L. Fahnestock, Pittsburg, Wholesale Agent: also, for sale by all Druggists. [June 3, 1858.-1y.

ALTOONA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY J. & J. LOWTHER.

Flour—Superfine,	₰ bbl.	$4.75
" Extra,	₰ "	5.00
Corn Meal,	₰ cwt.	1.75
Potatoes.	₰ bush.	.75
Dry Apples,	₰ "	1.75
Butter,	₰ lb	20
Lard,	₰ "	14
Hams,	₰ "	12
Shoulders,	₰ "	10
Side,	₰ "	12
Eggs,	₰ doz.	10

H. LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

Extra Family Flour.	₰ bbl.	$5 50
Superfine Extra, best quality,	"	5 00
Superfine,	"	4 75

MARRIED.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. D. Speck, Mr. GEORGE RITCHY, to Miss RACHEL CLUTZ, both of this place.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of Francis Stephens, late of Logan township, Blair county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB GOOD, Adm'r.

October 21 1858-6t.

CITIZENS LOOK HERE.—The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona that they have erected a market house on the corner immediately opposite the United Brethern Church, in East Altoona, where they are prepared to serve out to customers the best quality Beef, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Sausage &c. They invite a share of patronage, hoping to be able to give entire satisfaction in their dealings.

PERCIVAL & ISENBERG.

Oct. 21 1858-3t.

GOOD FITS! BEST FITS!! FIRST-RATE FITS!!!—For a good fitting and well-made COAT, call on J. SNYDER.

For an excellent fitting VEST, by all means call on J. SNYDER.

For PANTALOONS that can't be beat for fit and ease, call on J. SNYDER.

Come, kind reader, if you want to dress in a fashionable style, call at my Shop, opposite nowhere, but close to Altoona Banking House. Look out for the picture with my name below.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR.

Altoona, Oct. 14, 14, 1858.-1y

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR HEADS!—The subscriber would inform the inhabitants of this place and vicinity that he has just received the latest styles of

HATS AND CAPS,

among which may be found the best Black Mole Skin and Silk Hats. Black and different colored Wool Hats, Caps of all styles and prices, for men and boys. Persons in want of anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call on the subscriber before purchasing elsewhere.

He has also on hand an excellent assortment of Ladies' FURS, of different colors and prices. Those in want of the article should call at once.

Store on Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church.

Altoona, Oct. 14, 1858.-1y JESSE SMITH.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR LOW PRICES.—Thankful for past favors, the subscriber would respectfully beg leave to inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he has just received and opened his Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

which he will sell at very low prices for cash. It consists in part of

Delaines, Robes, Pai de Chenes, plain Merinos, figured and striped Merinos, Wool Plaids, Union Plaids, English Merinos, black and fancy Silks, Shawls of every description; Sheetings, Muslins, Flunnels, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Ginghams, Chintz, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroideries embracing Collars, Setts, Bands, Insertings, Edgings, in fine, every article of Ladies Wear.

Also—An excellent assortment of fashionable Queensware, Glass-ware, Earthenware, &c.

BOOTS and SHOES of all sizes, qualities and styles.—Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Gaiters.

The very best assortment of GROCERIES may be found at this establishment.

Come one! come all!! and examine the above stock.

Altoona, Oct. 14, 1858. J. B. HILEMAN.

PROSPECTUS OF THE WESTERN EDUCATOR.—On the first of January, 1859, we propose commencing the publication of an Educational Monthly Magazine for Teachers and Schools, entitled the "WESTERN EDUCATOR." The Educator will be printed in the highest style of the art, on clear, white paper, and in 8vo. form of 32 pp. neatly trimmed and enclosed in a handsome cover.

The contents will be prepared with a view to the wants and wishes of teachers: the mission of the Magazine will be to assist and encourage teachers in their arduous labors. Nothing exclusively local or tedious, such as lengthy reports of the transactions of minor Educational Associations, or stale and labored essays, will be admitted into the columns of the Educator. Our object shall be to furnish a faithful friend and companion to teachers and the more advance pupils in the Public Schools.

We are glad to announce the following able corps of special contributors:

John Ogden, late Prin. McNeely Normal School, Ohio.
B. M. Kerr, A. M., Prin. Oakland Seminary, Pa.
D. Dennison, Prin. 2d Ward Public School, Pittsburg.
Rev. S. K. Kane, Darlington, Beaver county, Pa.
Rev. W. W. Laverty, Prin. Wellsville, Ohio, Male and Female Seminary.
Rev. J. R. Shearer, Wellsburgh, Va.
Rev. D. S. Welling, Prin. Maple Grove Academy.
Rev. E. A. Brindley, (Uncle Edward.)
Teachers and Friends of Education, favorable to the enterprise, will confer a favor by corresponding freely with us on the subject. The first number will be issued early in December next, provided we meet with sufficient encouragement.

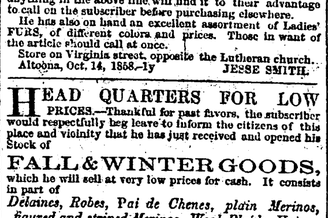
The price of the Educator will be One Dollar a year payable on the receipt of the second number.

ALEX. CLARK, Pittsburgh, Pa.
I. H. LONGDON, Hillsboro', Pa.

Oct. 14.

BOERHAVE'S

HOLLAND BITTERS



THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND

FEVER AND AGUE,

And the various affections consequent upon a disordered

STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave: Because of its great success in the most of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fatherland scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer it to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medical virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

☞ Sold at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the SOLE PROPRIETORS,

BENJ. PAGE, JR., & CO.,

Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

T. W. Dyott & Sons, Philadelphia; Barnes & Park, New York; John D. Park, Cincinnati; Bartlett Adams & Co. St. Louis; A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa. And by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States and Canada. [October 14, 1858.-1y

THE GREAT BEAUTIFIER! SO Long unsuccessfully sought, FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY GRAY HAIR TO its original color; cures luxuriantly the bald head; removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy and glossy; and will preserve it to any imaginable age; removes, as if by magic, all blotches, &c., from the face and cures all neuralgia and nervous headache. See circular and the following:

Dover, N. H., Feb. 2d, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & Co.—Gents: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to-day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have produced three or four new customers* and the approbation, and patronage it receives from the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convince us that it is A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.

Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully.

(Signed) DANIEL LATHORP & Co.

Hickory Grove, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeings his sufferings, advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but to our surprise, and that of all our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp, and as luxurient a crop of hair as any other child. We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair.

We a.e, yours respectfully,

GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM,
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

Gardiner, Maine, June 22, 1853.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My Hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind.

Yours Respectfully,

DANIEL N. MURPHY.

O. J. WOOD & Co., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and by all good Druggists. [June 3, 1858-1y.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale until the 1st day of November next, the following property, to wit:

A Lot of Ground situate in East Altoona, adjoining lots of F. A. Denning, dec'd., and John Foulkner. The Lot is in excellent working order with a lot choice FRUIT TREES all in thrifty growth. The Lot is situated in a desirable part of the town, on one of the principal and most pleasant streets. If not sold by the 1st of November next, it will be leased for a term of years.

Also—A Lot containing One Acre of Ground, situate in Logan township, on the public road leading from Baker's Furnace to the Allegheny Mountains and about ¾ of a mile from Altoona, having thereon erected a Good FRAME HOUSE, a good STABLE, SPRING HOUSE, and all other necessary out-buildings. There is a never-failing spring of water and a lot of choice Fruit Trees on the premises. Also an excellent new Grape Arbor with a lot of vines in thrifty growth. The ground is in high state of cultivation and under good fence. If not sold by the 1st of November next, it will be offered for rent.

Persons desiring information respecting the above property will receive it by calling upon

September 2, 1858-2m] GEORGE B. CRAMER.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

A NEW STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON, JUST RECEIVED BY ETTINGER & ULLMAN,

AND NOW BEING DISPOSED OF AT PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION.

MR. ULLMAN announces that he is is always on hand and will take great pleasure in waiting upon all who may favor him with a call. He feels confident that he will be able to render satisfaction both in quality and price. [April 15-3m

OPERA CIGARS!

THREE BELLES,
NEPTUNES,
FORTALIZAS,
LA ROSAS,
LA ABULAS,

For sale by A. ROUSH, Druggist.

June 24, 1858.-tf

FARE REDUCED.

STATES UNION HOTEL

606 and 608 Market Street,

ABOVE SIXTH,

PHILADELPHIA.

Terms—$1.25 Per Day.

July 1, 1858.-3m. G. W. HINKLE, PROPRIETOR.

THE TRUST ACCOUNT OF JOHN TALBOT Assignee of MICHAEL GALLAHER, Merchant Tailor, of Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.

Notice is hereby given that the above stated account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Blair County, and that the same will be confirmed and allowed, on the fourth Monday (and 25th day) of October next, unless cause be shown why the same should not be confirmed and allowed. JOS. BALDRIDGE Prothy

Altoona, Sept. 22d, 1858.—3t

WM. S. BITTNER,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Office immediately opposite the Lutheran Church, on Virginia street. Teeth extracted without pain, by means of electricity—no humbug. A student who can come well recommended for morality and possesses a good English education, will be taken. [Sept. 2, '58-1y.

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL!—The subscriber would respectfully inform the consumers of COAL in Altoona, that he is constantly receiving all kinds of COAL, which he is ready to deliver at all times and to any part of the town. Office at residence, in North Ward.

June 17-2m] JOHN ALLISON.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he has just opened a BOOT and SHOE STORE, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. C. F. Sellers, on Virginia street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. He will keep on hand a good assortment of Men and Boy's Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Gaiters, Children's Shoes, &c.

☞ Boots and Shoes repaired at the shortest notice.

Sept. 30, 1858.-3t BENJ. E. FEW.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '50-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

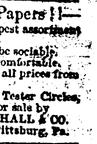
NOTICE.—WHEREAS, LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of EDWARD MILLER, late of Logan township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber; all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; those having claims against the estate, will make known the same without delay to

Oct. 7, 1858.-6t J. GOOD, Adm'r.

CAUTION.—WHEREAS MY WIFE, CAROLINE HORBACHER, has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, this is to caution all persons against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date. CONRAD HORBACHER.

Sept. 22, 1858.-3t*

DR. WM. R. FINLEY RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the people of Altoona and the adjoining country.



He may be found at the office heretofore occupied by Dr. G. D. Thomas.

Altoona, Sept. 30, 1858.-1t

TAKE NOTICE, THAT THE ASSESSMENT No. 15, made by the Lycoming Mutual Insurance Company, in Blair county, is payable at my office. The Assessment is 3 per cent. on all notes in force May 13, 1858. JOHN SHOEMAKER,

Altoona, July 15, 1858. *Receiver.*

FOR RENT.—THE STORE-ROOM now occupied by J. & J. LOWTHER, will be for Rent by the 15th of October next.

Sept. 23, 1858. WM. M. LLOYD.

CREAM TARTER, SUPER-CARBONATE of Soda, Saleratus, Washing Soda, Durkee's Baking Powder, in store and for sale at A. ROUSH'S Drug Store.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expediciously executed at this office.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,

COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS,

Is one of the best Purgative and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, safer, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the *same time* that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The LIVER is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to be of that organ, one of the study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, PURIFYING THE BLOOD, giving tone and energy, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

BILIOUS ATTACKS are cured, PREVENTED, AND, WHAT IS BETTER, sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring. Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents Nightmare. Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels, and cures Costiveness. One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia. ☞ One dose of two tablespoonsful will always relieve SICK HEADACHE.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure. Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one bottle is a sure cure for CHOLERA MORBUS, and a preventive of CHOLERA. ☞ Only one dose often repeated is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness. ☞ One bottle taken for JAUNDICE removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes the food digest well. One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose. One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails*. A few bottles cures Dropsy by exciting the absorbents. We take pleasure in recommending the medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious type, and it operates with certainty and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞ Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even *the first dose giving benefit*, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache*, all of which are the result of a DISEASED LIVER.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 345 Broadway, New York.

☞ Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona; and retailed by all Druggists. [May 27, 1858.-1y

POSITIVE INFORMATION!—THE undersigned having perfected their Spring Stock, now offer to the public the LARGEST LOT OF GROCERIES ever presented in the town of Altoona.

Our object in publishing this card is to present the following facts:

1st. The recent hard times have very much reduced the price of Groceries in the city, especially to cash buyers

HAMMONTON LANDS.NEW ENGLAND SETTLEMENT.—RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Hammonton, Farms in a healthy place, twenty-five miles from Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic railroad, twenty-two miles from the sea-shore. An old estate has recently been opened for sale in this great division of 10,000 acres divided up into farms of twenty acres and upwards. The soil is of the best quality for the production of fruits, grains, &c. The prices are $30 per acre, payable in easy quarter yearly instalments, within a term of four years, with interest. The conditions of the land, by enabling *every industrious man to buy a farm*, are made easy. In order to insure the rapid improvement